Automated Fabrication Technologies For High Performance Polymer Composites

Mark J. Shuart, Norman J. Johnston & H. Benson Dexter NASA Langley Research Center Hampton, VA

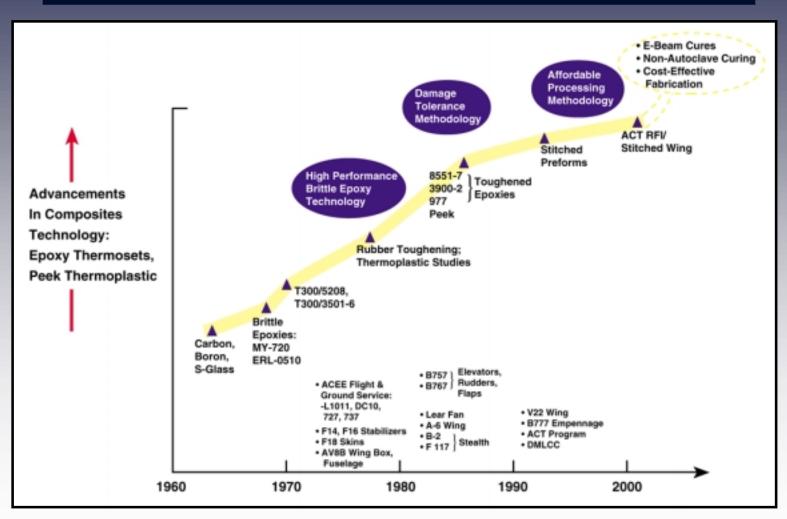
Joseph M. Marchello & Raymond W. Grenoble
Old Dominion University
Norfolk, VA

Presented at the Aerospace Materials 1999 Conference & Exhibition September 9-10, 1999

Toulouse, France

Evolution of Composite Resin Development

Epoxy Thermosets & Peek Thermoplastics



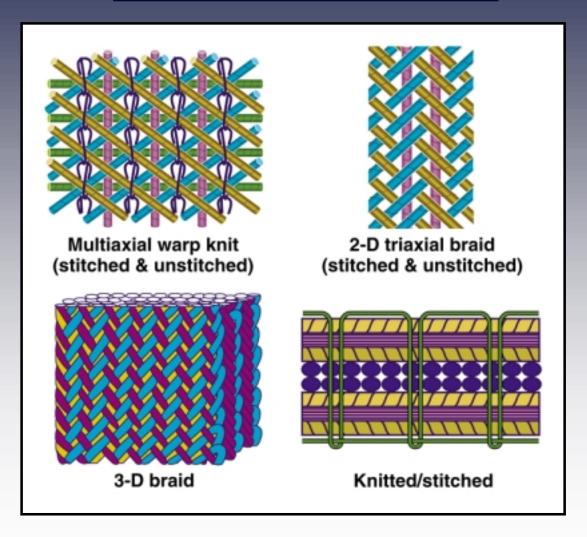
Keys to Low-Cost Composite Fabrication Processes for Airframe Structures

- Low cost fiber forms and matrices
- Automated processes
 - high speed textile processes
 - advanced fiber placement
- Non-autoclave curing
 - vacuum-assisted resin transfer molding
 - cure-on-the-fly
- Low-cost tooling
- In-process control/nondestructive evaluation

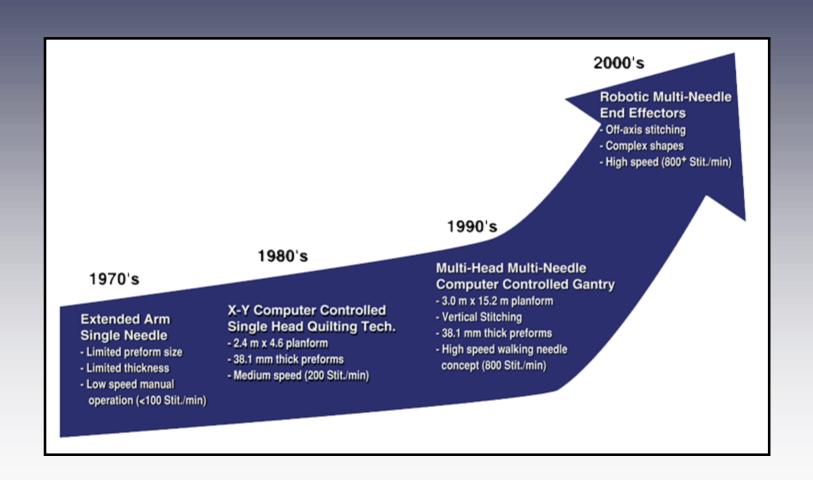
Automated Fabrication Technologies for High Performance Polymer Composites

- Vacuum Assisted Resin Transfer Molding (VARTM)
- Resin Film Infusion (RFI)
- Automated Placement
 - autoclave processing
 - non-autoclave processing

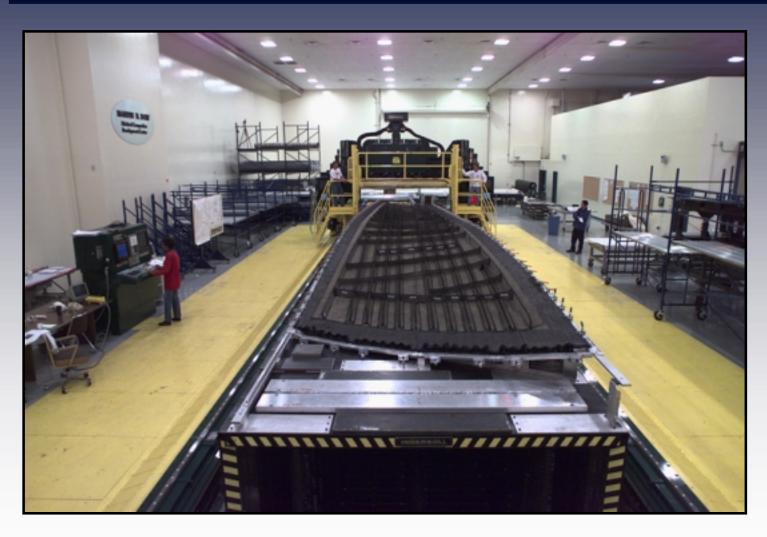
Textile Material Forms



Evolution of Stitching Technology



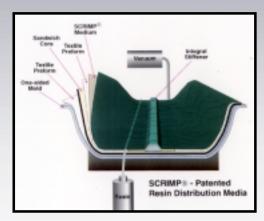
Stitched Semi-Span Wing Lower Cover Preform



Low-Cost Vacuum Assisted Resin Transfer Molding Process



90 ft, one-piece boat hull fabricated with SCRIMP® process



SCRIMP [®] - Patented resin distribution media

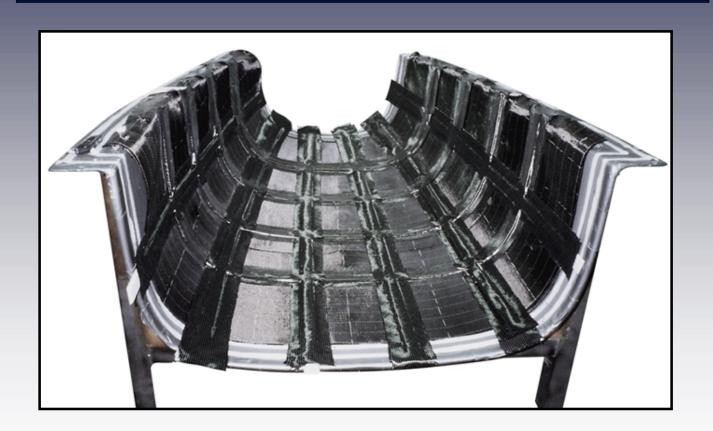
Advantages of low-cost RTM process:

- Resin and fiber used in lowest cost form
- Prepreg process eliminated
- Freezer storage & shelf life problems eliminated
- Low-cost, one-sided tooling
- Low energy, low pressure out-of-autoclave processing
- Utilizes net-shape, damage tolerant textile preforms secondary bonding and fastening

Challenges for aircraft applications:

- Out-of-autoclave cure resins with adequate properties
- Dimensional tolerances with low-cost tooling

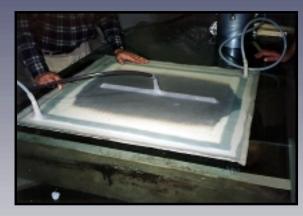
Vacuum Assisted Resin Transfer Molding Tooling For Fuselage Section



Vacuum Assisted Resin Transfer Molded Fuselage Section



Vacuum Assisted Resin Transfer Molding Process Development



Reusable Vacuum Bag for Flat Panel

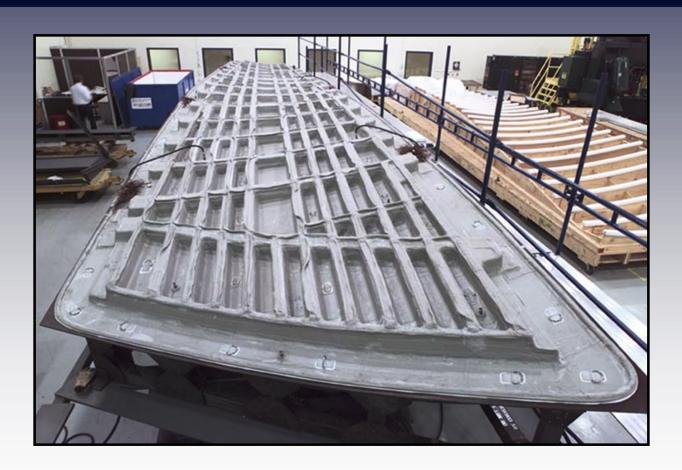


Stiffened Panel After Cure



Reusable Vacuum Bag for Stiffened Panel

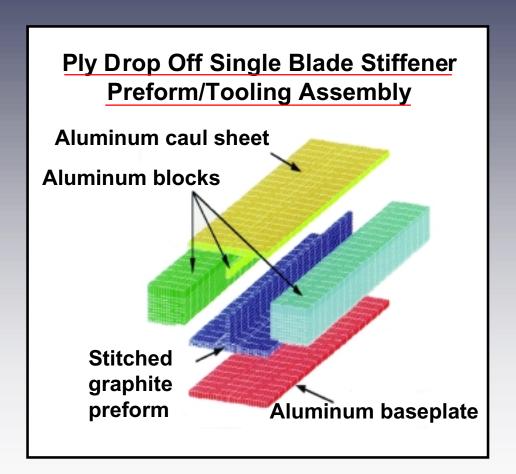
Vacuum Bagged Semi-Span Wing Tool Proof Article Prior to Cure



Semi-Span Wing Tool Proof Article After Cure



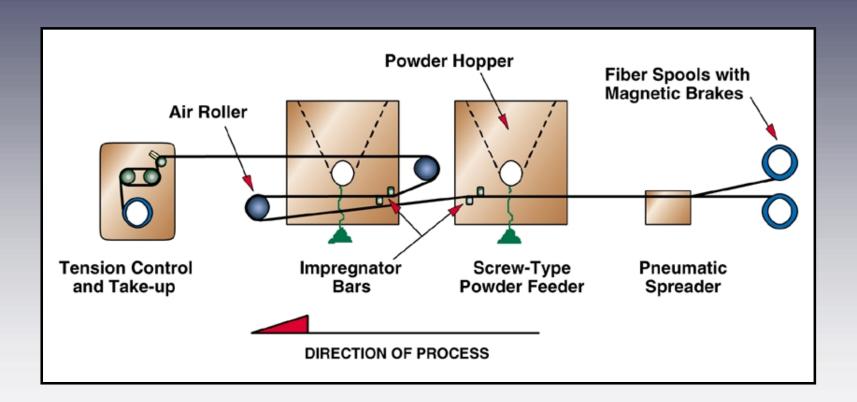
Three-Dimensional Resin Film Infusion Model



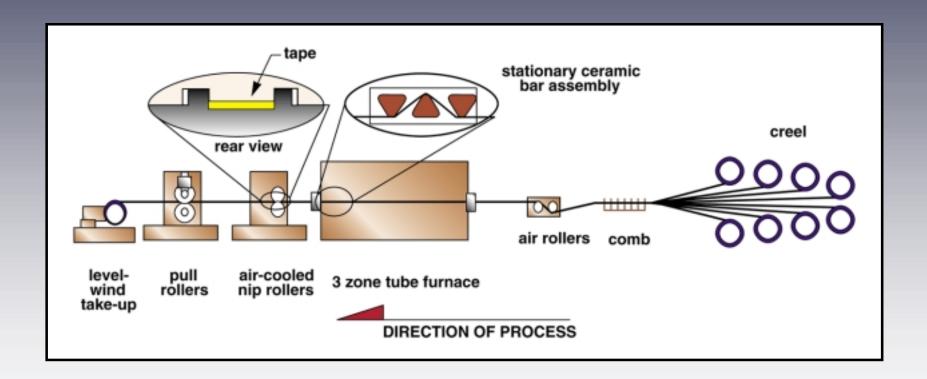
Program Structure

- Flow
- Heat Transfer
- Resin Kinetics
- Resin Viscosity
- Preform Compaction
- Residual Stress and Warpage

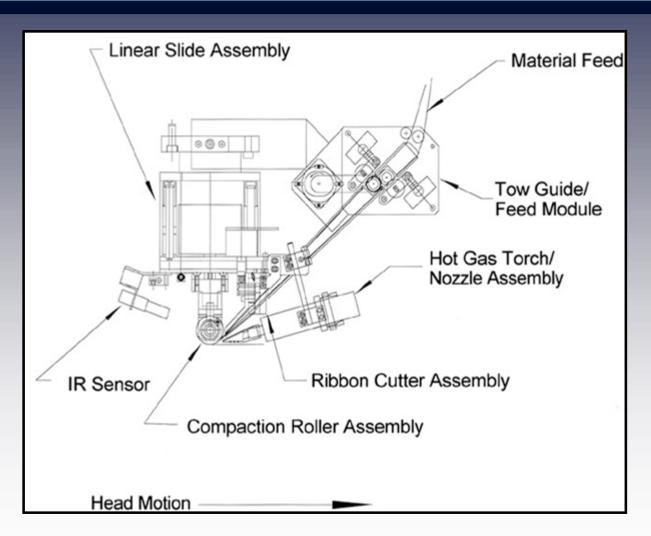
Schematic of The NASA Powder-Coating Line



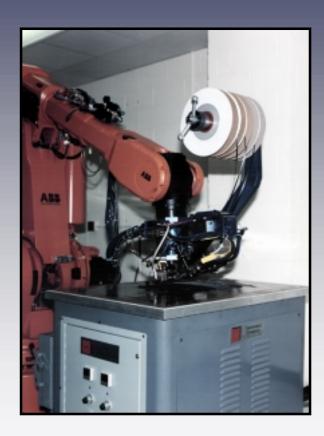
Schematic of NASA Ribbon/Tape Line



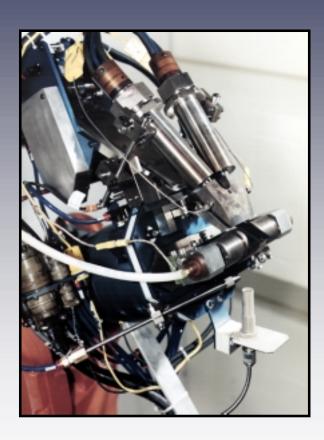
5-Ribbon Thermoplastic Fiber Placement Head



NASA Developed Robot, Heated Head and Heated Flat Tool



NASA Developed Heated Head Laying Ribbon on a Flat Tool



Tool-Side View NASA Developed Heated Head

Concluding Remarks

- Automated fabrication technologies are required to achieve widespread, cost-effective application of composite structures in transport aircraft
- Major advancements have been made in fabrication of primary aircraft structures with damage-tolerant textile material forms and Resin Film Infusion (RFI) processes
- Vacuum Assisted Resin Transfer Molding (VARTM) of composite structures offers an attractive cost-effective alternative to autoclave cured composites
- Significant progress has been demonstrated for heated-head, cure-on-the-fly automated placement fabrication methods applied to flat and curved composite structures